## Material Safety Data Sheet

## **1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

	Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil Passenger Car Motor Oil
Manufacturer/Supplier	SOPUS Products PO BOX 4427 Houston, TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request	877-276-7285
Emergency Telephone Numb Spill Information Health Information	877-242-7400

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance and Odour	<ul> <li>Emergency Overview</li> <li>Clear. Colourless. Liquid at room temperature. Slight hydrocarbon.</li> </ul>
Health Hazards Safety Hazards Environmental Hazards	<ul> <li>Not classified as dangerous for supply or conveyance.</li> <li>Not classified as flammable but will burn.</li> <li>Not classified as dangerous for the environment.</li> </ul>
Health Hazards	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Health Hazards	
Inhalation	: Under normal conditions of use, this is not expected to be a primary route of exposure.
Skin Contact	: Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Eye Contact	: May cause slight irritation to eyes.
Ingestion	: Low toxicity if swallowed.
Other Information	: Used oil may contain harmful impurities.
Signs and Symptoms	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Aggravated Medical	: Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or
	1/9
· D ·	0000001050

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR Material Safety Data Sheet 1910.1200 Conditions organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Skin. **Environmental Hazards** Not classified as dangerous for the environment. 2 Additional Information Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. 4. FIRST AID MEASURES : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal **General Information** conditions. Inhalation : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. Eye Contact Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent

	irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities
	are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Advice to Physician	: Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits		> 280 °C / 536 °F (COC) Typical 1 - 10 %(V)
Auto ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F
Specific Hazards	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Suitable Extinguishing	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon
Media		dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Protective Equipment for Firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading	
		2/9	
Print Date 04/24/2013		000000165	585

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR Material Safety Data Sheet 1910.1200 or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. **Clean Up Methods** Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages **Additional Advice** : cannot be contained. 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE **General Precautions** Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Storage Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Store at ambient temperature. **Product Transfer** This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations. : For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high **Recommended Materials** density polyethylene. **Unsuitable Materials** : PVC. **Additional Information** Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Inhalabl e fraction.)		5 mg/m3	
Oil mist, mineral	OSHA Z1	PEL(Mist.)		5 mg/m3	

#### **Biological Exposure Index (BEI)** No biological limit allocated.

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR Material Safety Data Sheet 1910.1200 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary **Exposure Controls** depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. **Personal Protective** Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet • Equipment recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. **Respiratory Protection** No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149 °F)]. : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of Hand Protection gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognise that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. **Eye Protection** Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur. Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue **Protective Clothing** work clothes. **Monitoring Methods** Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be

	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil
Environmental Exposure Controls	<ul> <li>Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.</li> </ul>

available.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Material Safety Data Sheet** 

	Appearance Odour pH Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Pongo	:	Clear. Colourless. Liquid at room temperature. Slight hydrocarbon. Not applicable. > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
	Boiling Range Pour point Flash point Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits	:	Typical -34.44 °C / -29.99 °F > 280 °C / 536 °F (COC) Typical 1 - 10 %(V)
A V	Auto-ignition temperature Vapour pressure Specific gravity	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s)) Typical 0.88 - 0.89 at 15 °C / 59 °F
	Density Water solubility n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow)	:	Typical 880 - 890 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F Negligible. > 6 (based on information on similar products)
	Kinematic viscosity Vapour density (air=1) Electrical conductivity Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	:	<ul> <li>&gt; 30 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F</li> <li>&gt; 1 (estimated value(s))</li> <li>This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.</li> <li>Data not available</li> </ul>

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Stability

: Stable.

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Material Safety Data Sheet

Conditions to Avoid Materials to Avoid Hazardous Decomposition	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Strong oxidising agents. Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
Products		during normal storage.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for Assessment	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Acute Oral Toxicity	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Skin Irritation	Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.
Eye Irritation	Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory Irritation	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
Repeated Dose Toxicity	Not expected to be a hazard.
Mutagenicity	Not considered a mutagenic hazard.
Carcinogenicity	Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	:	Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	IARC 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Highly refined mineral oil (IP346 <3%)	:	GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	:	Not expected to be a hazard.
Additional Information	:	Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Acute Toxicity	:	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract.
Mobility		Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Floats on water.
Persistence/degradability	:	Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulation Other Adverse Effects	:	Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate. Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIO	NS	
Material Disposal		Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

# Container Disposal:Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably<br/>to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the

## to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.Local Legislation: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## US Department of Transportation Classification (49CFR)

This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

## IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

## IATA (Country variations may apply)

## Material Safety Data Sheet

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

## Federal Regulatory Status

#### **Notification Status**

EINECS	All components listed or
	polymer exempt.
TSCA	All components listed.
DSL	All components listed.

## Comprehensive Environmental Release, Compensation & Liability Act (CERCLA)

Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate (68649-42-3)

Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

## SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

No SARA 311/312 Hazards.

## SARA Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (313)

Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate (68649-42-3)

## **State Regulatory Status**

## California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Pennzoil Platinum SAE 5W-20 Full Synthetic Motor Oil MSDS# 11841 Version 1.3 Effective Date 03/13/2013 According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## Material Safety Data Sheet

## New Jersey Right-To-Know Chemical List

Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate (68649-42-3)

#### Listed.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity)	:	0, 1, 0
	:	1.3
SDS Effective Date	:	03/13/2013
SDS Revisions	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
SDS Regulation	:	The content and format of this MSDS is in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
SDS Distribution	:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.
Disclaimer	:	The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product.